

SAFETY DATA SHEET BELZONA® 4311 (MAGMA CR1) SOLIDIFIER

SECTION 1: Identification of t	the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking
1.1. Product identifier	
Product name	BELZONA® 4311 (MAGMA CR1) SOLIDIFIER
Product number	SN2630-2.6kg
1.2. Relevant identified uses	of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Identified uses	Barrier coating for protecting surfaces against the effects of chemical attack. For industrial use only.
Uses advised against	The product should not be used for purposes other than those recommended in the appropriate Instructions For Use (IFU) leaflet.
1.3. Details of the supplier of	the safety data sheet
Supplier	Belzona Polymerics Limited Claro Road, Harrogate HG1 4DS United Kingdom +44 1423 567641 sds@belzona.com
Manufacturer	Belzona Polymerics Limited Claro Road, Harrogate HG1 4DS United Kingdom +44 1423 567641 sds@belzona.com
1.4. Emergency telephone nu	mber
Emergency telephone	ChemTel: +1 813-248-0585
SECTION 2: Hazards identific	cation
2.1. Classification of the subs	tance or mixture
Classification (EC 1272/2008)	$\underline{\mathbf{D}}$
Physical hazards	Not Classified
Health hazards	Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Acute Tox. 2 - H330 Skin Corr. 1B - H314 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 STOT SE 3 - H335 STOT RE 2 - H373
Environmental hazards	Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412
Reference	The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.
2.2. Label elements	

Pictogram



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Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	 H302 Harmful if swallowed. H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H330 Fatal if inhaled. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H373 May cause damage to organs (Kidneys) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	 P260 Do not breathe vapour/ spray. P273 Avoid release to the environment. P280 Wear protective clothing, gloves, eye and face protection. P303+361+353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P313 Get medical attention.
Contains	BENZYL ALCOHOL, DIETHYLENETRIAMINE, METHYLENEOXIDE, POLYMER WITH BENZENAMINE, HYDROGENATED, M-PHENYLENEBIS(METHYLAMINE)

2.3. Other hazards

Based on information received from our suppliers no PBT or vPvB substances are intentionally added to this product.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients		
3.2. Mixtures		
BENZYL ALCOHOL		10-30%
CAS number: 100-51-6	EC number: 202-859-9	REACH registration number: 01- 2119492630-38-xxxx
Classification		
Acute Tox. 4 - H302		
Acute Tox. 4 - H332		
Eye Irrit. 2 - H319		

DIETHYLENETRIAMINE		10-30%
CAS number: 111-40-0	EC number: 203-865-4	REACH registration number: 01- 2119473793-27-xxxx
Classification Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Acute Tox. 4 - H312 Acute Tox. 2 - H330 Skin Corr. 1B - H314 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 STOT SE 3 - H335		
METHYLENEOXIDE, POLYMER WI HYDROGENATED	TH BENZENAMINE,	10-30%
CAS number: 135108-88-2	EC number: 603-894-6	REACH registration number: 01- 2119983522-33-xxxx
Classification Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Skin Corr. 1C - H314 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 STOT RE 2 - H373 Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412		
M-PHENYLENEBIS(METHYLAMINE	Ξ)	10-30%
M-PHENYLENEBIS(METHYLAMINE CAS number: 1477-55-0	EC number: 216-032-5	10-30% REACH registration number: 01- 2119480150-50-xxxx
		REACH registration number: 01-
CAS number: 1477-55-0 Classification Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Acute Tox. 4 - H332 Skin Corr. 1B - H314 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Skin Sens. 1 - H317		REACH registration number: 01-
CAS number: 1477-55-0 Classification Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Acute Tox. 4 - H332 Skin Corr. 1B - H314 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412		REACH registration number: 01- 2119480150-50-xxxx

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid me	asures
General information	In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air. Keep the patient warm and at rest. Give nothing by mouth.
Ingestion	If accidentally swallowed obtain immediate medical attention. Keep at rest. Rinse mouth with plenty of water. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use a proprietary skin cleaner. Do NOT use solvents or thinners. If irritation or inflammation persists, seek medical attention. If material is injected under the skin, seek immediate medical attention. Even when there are few or no symptoms do not hesitate to refer the casualty to hospital.
Eye contact	Contact lenses should be removed. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart, and seek medical advice.
4.2. Most important symptoms	and effects, both acute and delayed
Inhalation	Inhalation of airborne droplets or aerosols may severely damage contacted tissue and produce scarring.
Ingestion	May cause chemical burns in mouth, oesophagus and stomach.
Skin contact	Contact with skin or any living tissue may cause burns, in severe cases complete tissue destruction may occur. May cause allergic skin reaction. Release during high pressure use may result in injection of material into the skin causing local necrosis.
Eye contact	Contact with eyes may cause severe irritation with corneal injury, which may result in permanent impairment of vision.
4.3. Indication of any immedia	te medical attention and special treatment needed
Notes for the doctor	None.
SECTION 5: Firefighting meas	sures
5.1. Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	Use: sand, alcohol resistant foam, carbon dioxide, chemical powder, or water fog for larger fires. Do NOT use water jet.
5.2. Special hazards arising fr	om the substance or mixture
Hazardous combustion products	In a fire, hazardous decomposition products such as smoke, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, oxides of nitrogen and ammonia may be produced.
5.3. Advice for firefighters	
Protective actions during firefighting	Fire will produce dense black smoke containing hazardous products of combustion. Exposure to decomposition products may be a hazard to health. Appropriate self-contained breathing apparatus may be required. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or watercourses.
SECTION 6: Accidental release	se measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions	Exclude non-essential personnel. Keep up-wind of spill to avoid breathing vapours. Do not get
	on skin or in eyes.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions	Prevent spills from entering drains or sewers. If the product enters drains or sewers in large
	quantities, the local Water Company should be contacted immediately; in the case of
	contamination of streams, rivers or lakes, the appropriate National regulating agency.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning upContain and collect spillages with non-combustible absorbent materials e.g. sand, earth,
vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place into a suitable labelled container. Clean surfaces
down with a water and detergent mixture. Do not allow spilled product or the associated
washings to enter surface water drains or watercourses.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sectionsFor personal protection, see Section 8. For waste disposal, see section 13. For information on
National regulating agencies refer to Section 16.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling Usage precautions Vapours may collect in the container headspace during transit or prolonged storage. Avoid the inhalation of vapour when opening the container. Keep the container tightly closed when not in use. Where possible open containers in a well ventilated place away from the application area. Do not breathe spray during application. Exclude non-essential personnel. Minimise the number of employees exposed and the duration of their exposure. Do not get on skin or in eyes. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in areas of storage and use. For personal protection see Section 8. Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container. Ensure emergency equipment (for fires, spills, leaks, etc.) is readily available. Good housekeeping methods and regular safe removal of waste materials should be observed. FIRE/EXPLOSION This product is combustible. Exclude sources of heat, sparks and open flame. SPECIAL Ensure that containers are loosely covered during pre-heating and application. Ammonia may be given off when heated. Do not breathe vapours/mists. Advice on general Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Ensure occupational hygiene eye wash facilities (fountain, bottle, vials, etc.) are readily available. Do not put contaminated articles or equipment e.g. spatulas, applicators, brushes, cloths etc., into pockets. Where necessary, contaminated work clothing and shoes should be removed to prevent cross contamination of surfaces and the risk of inadvertent skin contact and ingestion. 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities Storage precautions Observe the label precautions. Store between 5 °C and 30 °C unless otherwise stated in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Store separately from oxidising agents and strongly acidic materials. ENVIRONMENTAL STORAGE PRECAUTIONS Spillage, incorrect storage of chemicals or waste materials or unsuitable disposal activities can result in pollutants seeping through the soil, causing serious harm to groundwater- which is a vital source of drinking water. All wastes, especially liquid wastes, must be securely stored on site in designated areas that are isolated from surface drains and bunded to contain any spillages. 7.3. Specific end use(s) Specific end use(s) Application by stiff bristled brush or rubber squeegee. May also be applied by spray. Mix with Base component before use. Please refer to the relevant Belzona® Instructions For Use for further information.

SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

DIETHYLENETRIAMINE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 1 ppm 4.3 mg/m³ Sk WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit Sk = Can be absorbed through the skin.

Ingredient comments	During standard, non-spray applications, the risk of exposure by inhalation to hazardous concentrations of diethylenetriamine under normal working conditions in a well ventilated area is minimal.
8.2. Exposure controls	
Appropriate engineering controls	STANDARD APPLICATIONS Use in well ventilated areas or provide adequate mechanical ventilation. SPRAY APPLICATIONS Where reasonably practicable adequate ventilation should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of vapours below the relevant occupational exposure limits, suitable respiratory protective equipment should be worn (see 'Respiratory protection' below).
Eye/face protection	It is recommended that eye protection, for example safety spectacles or goggles are worn at all times during the handling and use of this material. Eye protection should be selected in accordance with EN 166 Personal eye protection.
Hand protection	Hand protection should be selected in accordance with EN 374 Protective gloves against chemicals. The breakthrough time of the gloves selected should exceed the expected use period. Where this is not possible gloves should be changed in good time, and in any case before the breakthrough time is exceeded. If any doubt exists, advice should be sought from glove suppliers on appropriate types. Barrier creams may help to protect exposed areas of skin but are not substitutes for full physical protection. They should not be applied once exposure has occurred. SPECIFIC RECOMMENDATIONS Wear protective gloves made of the following material: Neoprene. Nitrile rubber. STANDARD APPLICATIONS/SPRAY APPLICATIONS Medium-heavy weight gauntlet type gloves that provide wrist protection are suitable. EMERGENCY REPAIRS OR APPLICATION OF SINGLE UNITS Light weight disposable gloves are normally suitable.
Other skin and body protection	STANDARD APPLICATIONS/SPRAY APPLICATIONS Synthetic polyethylene coveralls such as the Tyvek PRO-TECH® or equivalent coveralls manufactured to EN 13034 Type 6, Protective clothing against liquid chemicals. Grossly contaminated clothing should be removed and the skin washed with soap and water or a proprietary skin cleaner. EMERGENCY REPAIRS OR APPLICATION OF SINGLE UNITS Cotton overalls are normally suitable.

Respiratory protection

It is essential that the concentration of the contaminant(s) in the application environment does not exceed the applicable Occupational Exposure Limit(s) (OELs) multiplied by the Assigned Protection Factor (APF) quoted for the respiratory protective equipment selected. STANDARD APPLICATIONS Where necessary, it is recommended that respiratory protective equipment that complies with EN 136 (full face mask) or EN 140 (half face mask) should be worn in combination with an organic/inorganic vapours, acid gases and ammonia cartridge (ABEK1). Where the application environment is likely to be contaminated by significant concentrations of dust then the appropriate particulate prefilter (N-, R- or, P-series) should be worn in combination with the above. It is essential that the facepiece is correctly fitted and the filter is changed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. Respiratory protection is not normally required but it may be required when this product is used in confined spaces or where adequate ventilation cannot be achieved. SPRAY APPLICATIONS Where necessary, it is recommended that respiratory protective equipment that complies with EN 14594 (compressed airline breathing apparatus) is worn if exposure to the applicator or other people nearby cannot be controlled to below the occupational exposure limit and engineering methods cannot reasonably be improved.

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Liquid.
Colour	Amber.
Odour	Amine.
Odour threshold	Not applicable.
рН	Alkaline.
Melting point	Not available.
Initial boiling point and range	>190°C/>374°F @ 760 mm Hg
Flash point	>100°C/>212°F CC (Closed cup).
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Not applicable.
Vapour pressure	< 0.1 kPa @ 20°C/68°F
Vapour density	> 1
Relative density	0.98 - 1.08 @ 20°C/68°F
Solubility(ies)	Partially miscible with water.
Partition coefficient	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition Temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Explosive properties	Not applicable.
Oxidising properties	Not applicable.
9.2. Other information	

Other information	This section contains typical values for Health, Safety and Environmental guidance only and is not intended to represent a technical specification for the product.		
SECTION 10: Stability and rea	nctivity		
10.1. Reactivity			
Reactivity	There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product.		
10.2. Chemical stability			
Stability	Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).		
10.3. Possibility of hazardous	reactions		
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No hazardous reactions expected when stored and handled as recommended.		
10.4. Conditions to avoid			
Conditions to avoid	There are no known conditions that are likely to result in a hazardous situation.		
10.5. Incompatible materials			
Materials to avoid	Keep away from oxidising agents and strongly alkaline and strongly acidic materials to prevent the possibility of exothermic reaction.		
10.6. Hazardous decompositio	on products		
Hazardous decomposition products	Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended.		
SECTION 11: Toxicological inf	formation		
11.1. Information on toxicologi	cal effects		
Toxicological effects	The toxicological values quoted in this section have been calculated, therefore LD50/LC50 values can be considered as Acute Toxicity Estimates (ATEs).		
Notes (oral LD₅₀)	> 700 mg/kg, Oral, Harmful if swallowed.		
Notes (dermal LD₅₀)	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.		
Notes (inhalation LC₅₀)	> 0.2 mg/l, Inhalation, Fatal if inhaled.		
Skin corrosion/irritation			
Animal data	Corrosive to skin.		
Serious eye damage/irritation Serious eye damage/irritation	Skin corrosive; corrosivity to eyes is assumed. No testing is needed.		
Respiratory sensitisation			
Respiratory sensitisation	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. Diethylenetriamine, a component of this product, may cause respiratory sensitisation in susceptible individuals.		
Skin sensitisation			
Skin sensitisation	May cause skin sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals.		
Germ cell mutagenicity			
Genotoxicity - in vitro	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.		
Genotoxicity - in vivo	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.		
Carcinogenicity			
Carcinogenicity	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.		

IARC carcinogenicity	Not liste	d.
NTP carcinogenicity	Not listed.	
Reproductive toxicity Reproductive toxicity - fertility	Based o	n available data the classification criteria are not met.
Reproductive toxicity - development	Based o	n available data the classification criteria are not met.
Specific target organ toxicity -	single exp	osure
STOT - single exposure	Respiratory irritant effects that impair function with symptoms such as cough, pain, choking and breathing difficulties.	
Specific target organ toxicity -	repeated	exposure
STOT - repeated exposure	Harmful:	danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure if swallowed.
Target organs	Kidneys	
Aspiration hazard		
Aspiration hazard	Based o	n available data the classification criteria are not met.
·		
Route of entry	Injection	. Ingestion. Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact Skin absorption
Medical considerations	problem	tact constitutes a pronounced hazard. Persons with a history of skin sensitisation s should only be employed in processes in which this product is used under ate medical supervision.
Toxicological information on in	gredients.	
		BENZYL ALCOHOL
Toxicological effe	ects	May be absorbed through the skin.
Acute toxicity - or	ral	
Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg)		1,230.0
Species		Rat
ATE oral (mg/kg)		1,230.0
Acute toxicity - in	halation	
Acute toxicity inhalation (LC _∞ dust/mist mg/l)		4.178
Species		Rat
ATE inhalation (dusts/mists mg/l)	4.178
		DIETHYLENETRIAMINE
Toxicological effe	octe	May be absorbed through the skin. During standard, non-spray applications, the

Toxicological effectsMay be absorbed through the skin. During standard, non-spray applications, the
risk of exposure by inhalation to hazardous concentrations of diethylenetriamine
under normal working conditions in a well ventilated area is minimal.

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	1,553.0	
Species	Rat	
ATE oral (mg/kg)	1,553.0	
Acute toxicity - dermal		
Acute toxicity dermal (LD∞ mg/kg)	1,045.0	
Species	Rabbit	
ATE dermal (mg/kg)	1,045.0	
Acute toxicity - inhalation		
Acute toxicity inhalation (LC ₅₀ dust/mist mg/l)	0.07	
Species	Rat	
Notes (inhalation LC₅₀)	NOAEL	
ATE inhalation (dusts/mists mg/l)	0.07	
METHYLI	ENEOXIDE, POLYMER WITH BENZENAMINE, HYDROGENATED	
Acute toxicity - oral		
Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	500.0	
Species	Rat	
ATE oral (mg/kg)	500.0	
Specific target organ toxicit	y - repeated exposure	
STOT - repeated exposure Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure if swallowed.		
Target organs	Kidneys	
	M-PHENYLENEBIS(METHYLAMINE)	
Toxicological effects		
Acute toxicity - oral		
Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg)	930.0	
Species	Rat	
ATE oral (mg/kg)	930.0	
Acute toxicity - dermal		
Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅ mg/kg)	3,100.0	
Species	Rat	
ATE dormal (ma/ka)	2 100 0	

3,100.0

ATE dermal (mg/kg)

Acute to	oxicity - inhalation			
	oxicity inhalation ust/mist mg/l)	1.34		
Species	3	Rat		
ATE inf (dusts/r	nalation nists mg/l)	1.34		
SECTION 12: Ecological Information				
Ecotoxicity		s no data on the product itself. The following information is provided on the basis of the al component data available.		
12.1. Toxicity				
Toxicity		Based on the individual component data, the products LC50/EC50/IC50 are expected to be be between 10 and 100 mg/l in most sensitive species.		
12.2. Persistence an	d degradability			
Persistence and deg	radability Not exp	ected to be rapidly biodegradable according to OECD/EC guidelines.		
12.3. Bioaccumulativ	e potential			
Bioaccumulative pote	ential No data	No data available.		
Partition coefficient	Not ava	ilable.		
12.4. Mobility in soil				
Mobility	There is	s no data available on the product itself.		
12.5. Results of PBT	and vPvB assessr	nent		
Results of PBT and v assessment		on information received from our suppliers no PBT or vPvB substances are nally added to this product.		
12.6. Other adverse	effects			
Other adverse effect	s None kr	nown.		
SECTION 13: Dispos	sal considerations			
13.1. Waste treatme	nt methods			
Disposal methods	be affec wastes. under th hazardo Regulat should I Regulat	allow into drains or watercourses or dispose of where ground or surface waters may oted. Controlled wastes include non-hazardous industrial and hazardous chemical All controlled wastes should be disposed of in accordance with regulations made the Control of Pollution Act and the Environmental Protection Act. In addition, bus chemical wastes should be disposed of in accordance with the Hazardous Waste tions. When in doubt, using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice be obtained from the National regulating agency whether the Hazardous Waste tions apply. Refer to information sources listed in Section 16. COMPONENT SAL TRANSIT PACKAGING: shrink or stretch wrap, boxes and fittings that have not		

DISPOSAL TRANSIT PACKAGING: shrink or stretch wrap, boxes and fittings that have not been contaminated with product should be re-used or recycled. UNREACTED PRODUCT and empty uncleaned containers should be disposed of as hazardous chemical waste. REACTED PRODUCT, contaminated mixing boards, spatulas, applicators, brushes, nominally empty containers and mixing bowls- once fully cured- should be disposed of as non-hazardous waste.

Waste classList of Waste (LoW) code: 08 01 11*. *Hazardous waste pursuant to Directive 91/689/EEC.
The LoW code quoted in this section is a general entry. LoW codes should be assigned
based on the end use of the product. Where a more specific code is available it should be
used in preference to the code given above. Where in doubt refer to the List of Wastes, your
local licensed waste contractor or the National regulating agency. Refer to information
sources listed in Section 16.

SECTION 14: Transport information

General	Labelling and packaging requirements may vary with pack and load size. Please refer to the current transport regulations. Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of accident or spillage.	
14.1. UN number		
UN No. (ADR/RID)	2735	
UN No. (IMDG)	2735	
UN No. (ICAO)	2735	
14.2. UN proper shipping name	8	
Proper shipping name (ADR/RID)	Amines, liquid, corrosive, n.o.s. (containing Diethylenetriamine and 1,3- Benzenedimethanamine mixture)	
Proper shipping name (IMDG)	Amines, liquid, corrosive, n.o.s. (containing Diethylenetriamine and 1,3- Benzenedimethanamine mixture)	
Proper shipping name (ICAO)	Amines, liquid, corrosive, n.o.s. (containing Diethylenetriamine and 1,3- Benzenedimethanamine mixture)	
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)		
ADR/RID class	8	
IMDG class	8	
ICAO class/division	8	
14.4. Packing group		
ADR/RID packing group	II	
IMDG packing group	II	
ICAO packing group	II	
14.5. Environmental hazards		
Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant No.		
14.6. Special precautions for user		
Not applicable.		
14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code		
Transport in bulk according to Not carried in bulk. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code		
SECTION 15: Regulatory information		

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations	The provisions of the Health and Safety at Work Act and the Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations with amendments apply to the use of this product at work.
EU legislation	 Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as amended). Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC, including amendments. In accordance with Regulation (EC) No 453/2010.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

General information	The information contained within this safety data sheet does not constitute the users own assessment of workplace risks as required by other health and safety legislation. As the specific conditions of use of the product are outside the supplier's control, the user is responsible for ensuring that the requirements of relevant National legislation are complied with. The information contained within this safety data sheet is based on the present state of knowledge and current national legislation. It provides guidance on health, safety and environmental aspects of the product and should not be construed as any guarantee of technical performance or suitability for particular applications.
Key literature references and sources for data	Provision and Use of Personal Protective Equipment Regulations 1992 (SI 1992: 2932). PPG18: Control of Spillages and fire fighting run-off. HSG53 The selection, use and maintenance of respiratory protective equipment, as amended. HSG97 A step by step guide to COSHH assessment. Working with ADR: An introduction to the carriage of dangerous goods by road. UK ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATING AGENCIES: England and Wales- Environment Agency; Scotland- Scottish Environment Protection Agency (SEPA); Northern Ireland- Environment and Heritage Service.
Classification procedures according to Regulation (EC)	Where there is no test data available for the mixture, the classification has been determined based on the individual component hazard data in accordance with EC 1272/2008.
1272/2008	
1272/2008 Training advice	For further information please contact your supplier, Belzona consultant or Belzona direct.
	For further information please contact your supplier, Belzona consultant or Belzona direct. REVISION. This safety data sheet has been revised in the following Section(s): 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 11, 12, 13, 14, Please observe the REVISION DATE. Should you be reading a safety data sheet that is more than 24 months old or have concerns over its validity, please contact your local Belzona consultant or Belzona direct (sds@belzona.com) and the most current information will be sent to you.
Training advice	REVISION. This safety data sheet has been revised in the following Section(s): 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 11, 12, 13, 14, Please observe the REVISION DATE. Should you be reading a safety data sheet that is more than 24 months old or have concerns over its validity, please contact your local Belzona consultant or Belzona direct (sds@belzona.com) and the most current
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Hazard statements in full	H302 Harmful if swallowed.
	H311 Toxic in contact with skin.
	H312 Harmful in contact with skin.
	H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
	H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
	H318 Causes serious eye damage.
	H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
	H330 Fatal if inhaled.
	H332 Harmful if inhaled.
	H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
	H373 May cause damage to organs (Kidneys) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.
	H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.