

Safety Data Sheet

SDS Number 30000000077 Print Date 02/04/2017

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name	:	Hydrogen chloride
Chemical formula	:	HCI
Synonyms	:	Hydrogen chloride
Product Use Description	:	General Industrial
Manufacturer/Importer/Distribu tor	:	Air Products and Chemicals, Inc 7201 Hamilton Blvd. Allentown, PA 18195-1501 GST No. 123600835 RT0001 QST No. 102753981 TQ0001
Telephone	:	1-610-481-4911 Corporate 1-800-345-3148 Chemicals Cust Serv 1-800-752-1597 Gases/Electronics Cust Serv
Emergency telephone number (24h)	:	800-523-9374 USA +1 610 481 7711 International

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification

Gases under pressure - Liquefied gas. Acute toxicity - Inhalation Category 3 Skin corrosion - Category 1A Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure - Inhalation Category 3

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms/symbols



Signal Word: Danger

Hazard Statements:

H280:Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. H314:Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H331:Toxic if inhaled. H335:May cause respiratory irritation. EUH071:Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

Precautionary Statements:

Prevention	:	P261:Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. P264:Wash hands thoroughly after handling. P280:Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
Response	:	P301+P330+P331 :IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. P303+P361+P353 :IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. P305+P351+P338 :IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P310 :Immediately call a POISON CENTRE/doctor.
Storage	:	P403+P233:Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. P405:Store locked up.
Disposal	:	P501:Disposal of contents/container to be specified in accordance with regulations.

Hazards not otherwise classified

Use a back flow preventative device in the piping. Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use. Use only with equipment of compatible materials of construction, rated for cylinder pressure. Close valve after each use and when empty. Reacts with water to form corrosive acids. Symptoms may be delayed. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective suit. Direct contact with liquid can cause frostbite. May react violently with water. Do not breathe gas. Corrosive to eyes, respiratory system and skin. Compressed liquefied gas.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Components	CAS Number	Concentration (Volume)
Hydrogen Chloride	7647-01-0	100 %

Concentration is nominal. For the exact product composition, please refer to technical specifications.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice	oparatus. Keep vio	ncontaminated area wearing self contained breathing tim warm and rested. Call a doctor. Apply artificial ng stopped. Use chemically protective clothing.
Eye contact	the case of conta eek medical advice eep eye wide ope	
Skin contact		amounts of water until treatment is available. Immediate s necessary as untreated wounds from corrosion of the skin ly.
Ingestion	gestion is not con	sidered a potential route of exposure.
Inhalation	spirations. Supple ained personnel sl outh to mouth res aconscious place i	breathing has stopped or is labored, give assisted emental oxygen may be indicated. If the heart has stopped, hould begin cardiopulmonary resuscitation immediately. uscitation is not recommended. Use a barrier device. If n recovery position and seek medical advice. In case of give oxygen. Consult a doctor.
Most important symptoms/effects - acute and delayed	itating to eyes and anditions.	d respiratory system. Cough.Acute or chronic respiratory
Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment		

Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment

Treatment	: Treat bronchospasm and laryngeal edema if present. Observe for delayed
	chemical pneumonitis, pulmonary hemorrhage or edema. If exposed or
	concerned: Get medical attention/advice.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media	All known extinguishing media can be used.	
Specific hazards	Product is nonflammable and does not support combustion. Upon exposure to intense heat or flame, cylinder will vent rapidly and or rupture violently. Product is nonflammable and does not support combustion. Use of water may result is the formation of very toxic aqueous solutions. Move away from container and cool with water from a protected position. Do not allow run-off from fire fightin to enter drains or water courses. Keep containers and surroundings cool with water spray. If possible, stop flow of product. Most cylinders are designed to vent contents when exposed to elevated temperatures.	ıct n I
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Use self-contained breathing apparatus and chemically protective clothing.	

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment, and Emergency Procedures	:	Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Ventilate the area. Approach suspected leak areas with caution. Use self-contained breathing apparatus or positive pressure air line with mask and escape pack in areas where concentration is unknown or above the exposure limits.
Environmental precautions	:	Should not be released into the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent from entering sewers, basements and workpits, or any place where its accumulation can be dangerous.
Methods for cleaning up	:	Ventilate the area. Wash contaminated equipment or sites of leaks wit h copious quantities of water. Reduce vapor with fog or fine water spray.
Additional advice	:	Large releases may require considerable downwind evacuation. If possible, stop flow of product. Increase ventilation to the release area and monitor concentrations. If leak is from cylinder or cylinder valve, call the emergency telephone number. If the leak is in the user's system, close the cylinder valve, safely vent the pressure, and purge with an inert gas before attempting repairs.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

Carbon steel, stainless steel, Monel or copper are suitable materials of construction when no moisture is present. Hastelloy, platinum or gold offer good resistance to corrosion when moisture is present. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Cylinders should be stored upright with valve protection cap in place and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. Do not allow storage area temperature to exceed 50°C (122°F). Only experienced and properly instructed persons should handle compressed gases/cryogenic liquids. Before using the product, determine its identity by reading the label. Know and understand the properties and hazards of the product before use. When doubt exists as to the correct handling procedure for a particular gas, contact the supplier. Do not remove or deface labels provided by the supplier for the identification of the cylinder contents. When moving cylinders. even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders. Leave valve protection caps in place until the container has been secured against either a wall or bench or placed in a container stand and is ready for use. Use an adjustable strap wrench to remove over-tight or rusted caps. Before connecting the container, check the complete gas system for suitability, particularly for pressure rating and materials. Before connecting the container for use, ensure that back feed from the system into the container is prevented. Ensure the complete gas system is compatible for pressure rating and materials of construction. Ensure the complete gas system has been checked for leaks before use. Employ suitable pressure regulating devices on all containers when the gas is being emitted to systems with lower pressure rating than that of the container. Never insert an object (e.g. wrench, screwdriver, pry bar, etc.) into valve cap openings. Doing so may damage valve, causing a leak to occur. Open valve slowly. If user experiences any difficulty operating cylinder valve discontinue use and contact supplier. Close container valve after each use and when empty, even if still connected to equipment. Never attempt to repair or modify container valves or safety relief devices. Damaged valves should be reported immediately to the supplier. Close valve after each use and when empty. Replace outlet caps or plugs and container caps as soon as container is disconnected from equipment. Do not subject containers to abnormal mechanical shock. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its valve protection cap or guard. Do not use containers as rollers or supports or for any other purpose than to contain the gas as supplied. Never strike an arc on a compressed gas cylinder or make a cylinder a part of an electrical circuit. Keep container valve outlets clean and free from contaminates particularly oil and water. Do not smoke while handling product or cylinders. Never re-compress a gas or a gas mixture without first consulting the supplier. Never attempt to

transfer gases from one cylinder/container to another. Always use backflow protective device in piping. Purge air from system before introducing gas. Purge system with dry inert gas (e.g. helium or nitrogen) before gas is introduced and when system is placed out of service. Avoid suckback of water, acid and alkalis. Installation of a cross purge assembly between the cylinder and the regulator is recommended. When returning cylinder install valve outlet cap or plug leak tight. Never use direct flame or electrical heating devices to raise the pressure of a container. Containers should not be subjected to temperatures above 50°C (122°F). Never attempt to increase liquid withdrawal rate by pressurizing the container without first checking with the supplier. Never permit liquefied gas to become trapped in parts of the system as this may result in hydraulic rupture.

Storage

Use a back flow preventative device in the piping. Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use. Use only with equipment of compatible materials of construction, rated for cylinder pressure. Close valve after each use and when empty. Read and follow the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) before use. Full containers should be stored so that oldest stock is used first. Containers should be stored in a purpose build compound which should be well ventilated, preferably in the open air. Observe all regulations and local requirements regarding storage of containers. Stored containers should be periodically checked for general condition and leakage. Local codes may have special requirements for toxic gas storage. Protect containers stored in the open against rusting and extremes of weather. Containers should not be stored in conditions likely to encourage corrosion. Containers should be stored in the vertical position and properly secured to prevent toppling. The container valves should be tightly closed and where appropriate valve outlets should be capped or plugged. Container valve guards or caps should be in place. Keep containers tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Full and empty cylinders should be segregated. Do not allow storage temperature to exceed 50°C (122°F). Return empty containers in a timely manner.

Technical measures/Precautions

Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms. Containers should be segregated in the storage area according to the various categories (e.g. flammable, toxic, etc.) and in accordance whit local regulations.

Storage Temperature : < 72 °F (< 22 °C)

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering measures

Handle product only in closed system or provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at machinery. Provide natural or explosion-proof ventilation adequate to ensure concentrations are kept below exposure limits. Provide readily accessible eye wash stations and safety showers.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection	: Keep self contained breathing apparatus readily available for emergency use. Use self-contained breathing apparatus or positive pressure air line with mask and escape pack in areas where concentration is unknown or above the exposure limits. Users of breathing apparatus must be trained.	
Hand protection	 Acid resistant gloves. Sturdy work gloves are recommended for handling cylinders. Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. 	

Eye protection	 Safety glasses recommended when handling cylinders. A full faceshield should be worn in addition to safety glasses when connecting, disconnecting or opening cylinders.
Skin and body protection	 Acid resistant gloves (e.g. butyl rubber, neoprene, polyethylene) and splash suit when connecting, disconnecting or opening cylinders. Cold temperatures may cause embrittlement of protective material resulting in breakage and exposure. Contact with cold evaporating liquid on gloves or suit may cause cryogenic burns or frostbite. Safety shoes are recommended when handling cylinders. Encapsulated chemical protective suit in emergency situations.
Special instructions for protection and hygiene	 Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Provide good ventilation and/or local exhaust to prevent accumulation of concentrations above exposure limits.

Exposure limit(s)

Hydrogen Chloride	Ceiling Limit Value: ACGIH	2 ppm	-
Hydrogen Chloride	Ceiling Limit Value and Time Period (if specified): NIOSH	5 ppm	7 mg/m3
Hydrogen Chloride	Ceiling Limit Value: OSHA Z1	5 ppm	7 mg/m3
Hydrogen Chloride	Ceiling Limit Value: OSHA Z1A	5 ppm	7 mg/m3
Hydrogen Chloride	Ceiling Limit Value: US CA OEL	5 ppm	7 mg/m3
Hydrogen Chloride	Ceiling Limit Value: TN OEL	5 ppm	7 mg/m3

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	: Liquefied gas. Gives off white fumes in moist air
Odor	: Pungent.
Odor threshold	: No data available.
рН	: Not applicable.
Melting point/range	: -174 °F (-114.2 °C)
Boiling point/range	: -121 °F (-84.9 °C)
Flash point	: Not applicable.
Evaporation rate	: Not applicable.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Refer to product classification in Section 2
Upper/lower	: No data available.
	6/40

explosion/flammability limit	
Vapor pressure	: 617.84 psia (42.60 bara) at 68 °F (20 °C)
Water solubility	: Hydrolyses.
Relative vapor density	: 1.259 (air = 1)
Relative density	: 1.2 (water = 1)
Partition coefficient (n- octanol/water)	: Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	: No data available.
Decomposition temperature	: No data available.
Viscosity	: Not applicable.
Molecular Weight	: 36.46 g/mol
Density	: 0.094 lb/ft3 (0.0015 g/cm3) at 70 °F (21 °C) Note: (as vapor)
Specific Volume	: 10.55 ft3/lb (0.6586 m3/kg) at 70 °F (21 °C)

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability	: Stable under normal conditions.
Conditions to avoid	: No data available.
Materials to avoid	: Water. Aluminium. Brass. Incompatible with bases. Zinc.
Hazardous decomposition products Possibility of hazardous Reactions/Reactivity	Gives off hydrogen by reaction with metals.No data available.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Likely routes of exposure

Effects on Eye : Irritating to eyes. Causes severe eye burns. May cause permanent eye injury.

Effects on Skin	:	Contact with liquid may cause cold burns/frostbite. Causes skin irritation. Causes skin burns.		
Inhalation Effects	:	May be fatal if inhaled. Irritating to respiratory system. Can cause severe lung damage. May be fatal if inhaled. Delayed adverse effects possible. Prolonged exposure to small concentrations may result in pulmonary edema. Delayed fatal pulmonary edema possible.		
Ingestion Effects	:	No data available.		
Symptoms	:	Irritating to eyes and respiratory system. Cough. Acute or chronic respiratory conditions.		
Acute toxicity				
Acute Oral Toxicity	:	No data is available on the product itself.		
Inhalation	:	LC50 (1 h) : 2810 ppm Species : Rat.		
Acute Dermal Toxicity	:	No data is available on the product itself.		
Skin corrosion/irritation	:	No data available.		
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	:	No data available.		
Sensitization.	:	No data available.		
Chronic toxicity or effects from long term exposures				
Carcinogenicity	:	No data available.		
Reproductive toxicity	:	No data is available on the product itself.		
Germ cell mutagenicity	:	No data is available on the product itself.		
Specific target organ systemic toxicity (single exposure)	:	No data available.		
Specific target organ systemic toxicity (repeated exposure)	:	No data available.		
Aspiration hazard	:	No data available.		
Delayed and Immediate Effects and Chronic Effects from Short and Long Term Exposure				

Acute or chronic respiratory conditions. Asthma.

Pregnant rats exposed for one hour to 300 ppm hydrochloric acid had a five-fold higher incidence of fetal death than control rats. In addition, the surviving rat pups showed disturbances in kidney function., Exposure may cause spasm of the larynx or bronchi., This product is toxic, causing severe irritation of the upper respiratory tract upon inhalation, and irritation of the eyes and theskin on contact.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity effects

Aquatic toxicity	: May cause pH changes in aqueous ecological systems	;.
Toxicity to other organisms	: No data available.	

Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability	: No data is available on the product itself.
Mobility	: No data available.
Bioaccumulation	: Refer to Section 9 "Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)".
Bioaccumulation - Compone Hydrogen Chloride	nts Negligible bioaccumulation potential.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste from residues / unused products	:	In accordance with local and national regulations. Return unused product in original cylinder to supplier. Contact supplier if guidance is required. Must not be discharged to atmosphere.
Contaminated packaging	:	Return cylinder to supplier.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT

UN/ID No.	:	UN1050
Proper shipping name	:	Hydrogen chloride, anhydrous
Class or Division	:	2.3
Label(s)	:	2.3 (8)
PIH Zone	:	С
RQ Substance	:	Yes
Marine Pollutant	:	No

* NOTE: This product contains a USDOT Hazardous Substance and will meet the Reportable Quantity definition when shipped to, from, or within the United States, in the amount specified in 49CFR 172.101

Appendix A.

IATA

Transport Forbidden

IMDG

	-	UN1050 HYDROGEN CHLORIDE, ANHYDROUS
		2.3
Label(s)	:	2.3 (8)
RQ Substance	:	Yes
Marine Pollutant	:	No

* NOTE: This product contains a USDOT Hazardous Substance and will meet the Reportable Quantity definition when shipped to, from, or within the United States, in the amount specified in 49CFR 172.101 Appendix A.

TDG

UN/ID No. Proper shipping name Class or Division Label(s) RQ Substance Marine Pollutant	: UN1050 : HYDROGEN CHLORIDE, ANHYDROUS : 2.3 : 2.3 (8) : Yes : No
Marine Pollutant	: No
Marine Pollutant	: No

* NOTE: This product contains a USDOT Hazardous Substance and will meet the Reportable Quantity definition when shipped to, from, or within the United States, in the amount specified in 49CFR 172.101 Appendix A.

Further Information

Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's compartment. Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in the event of an accident or an emergency. The transportation information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory data relating to this material. For complete transportation information, contact customer service.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA) 12(b) Component(s):

None.

Country	Regulatory list	Notification
USA	TSCA	Included on Inventory.
EU	EINECS	Included on Inventory.
Canada	DSL	Included on Inventory.
Australia	AICS	Included on Inventory.
Japan	ENCS	Included on Inventory.
South Korea	ECL	Included on Inventory.
China	SEPA	Included on Inventory.
Philippines	PICCS	Included on Inventory.

EPA SARA Title III Section 312 (40 CFR 370) Hazard Classification Acute Health Hazard

Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard.

- EPA SARA Title III Section 313 (40 CFR 372) Component(s) above 'de minimus' level Hydrogen Chloride
- US. California Safe Drinking Water & Toxic Enforcement Act (Proposition 65) This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or any other harm.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA Rating				
Health Fire Instability	: 3 : 0 : 1			
HMIS Rating				
Health Flammability Physical hazard	: 3 : 0 : 3			
Prepared by	: Air Products and Chemicals, Inc. Global EH&S Department			
Telephone	 1-610-481-4911 Corporate 1-800-345-3148 Chemicals Cust Serv 1-800-752-1597 Gases/Electronics Cust Serv 			
Preparation Date	: 02/04/2017			
For additional information, please visit our Product Stewardship web site at				

http://www.airproducts.com/productstewardship/